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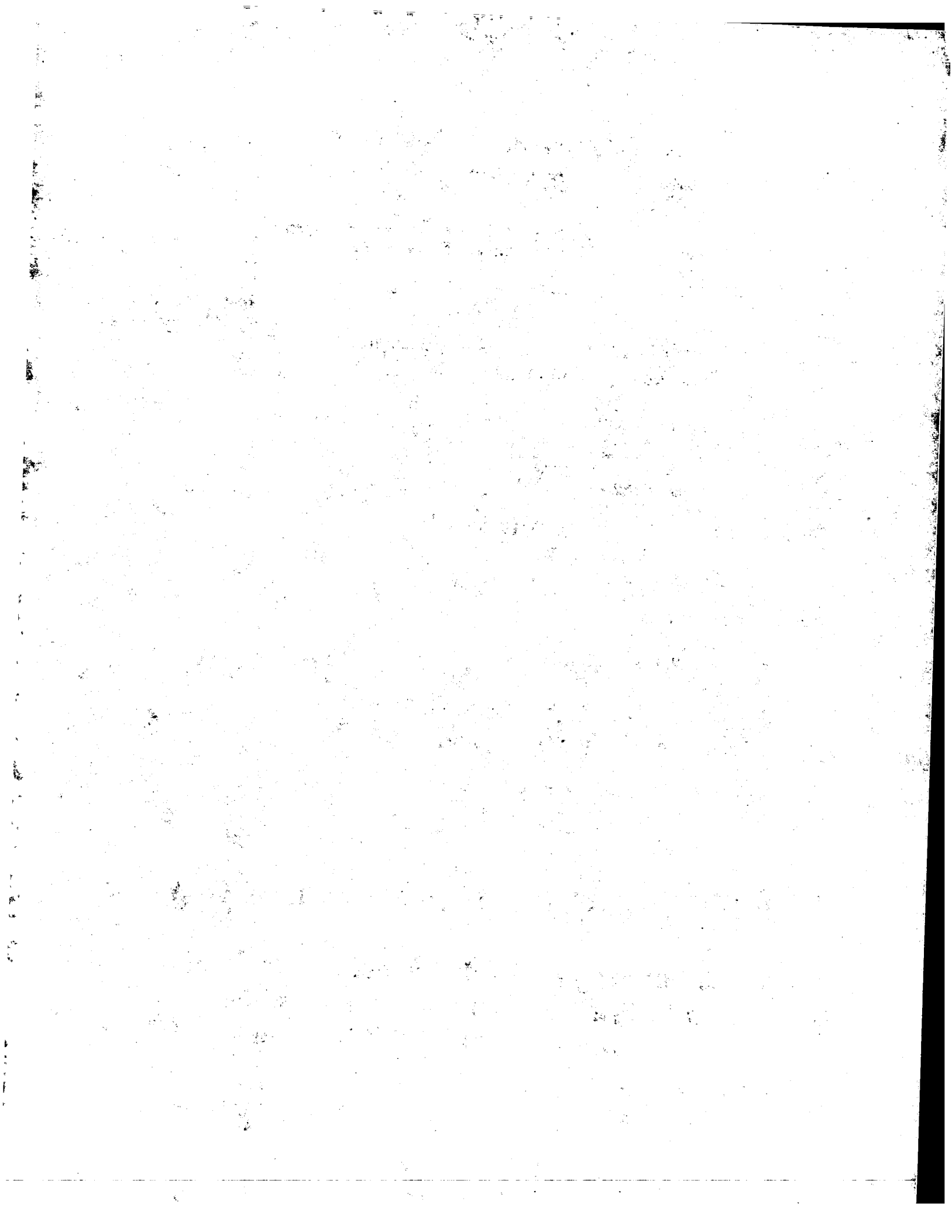
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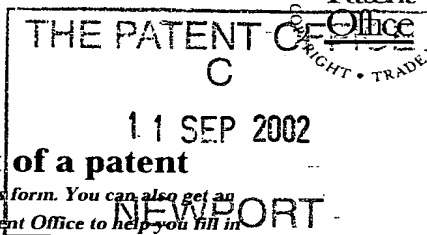
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2. Patent application number 0220994.8
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NEWARK, DELAWARE 1,
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DELAWARE, U.S.A.
Patents ADP number (if you know it)
If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation
4. Title of the invention
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5. Name of your agent (if you have one)
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Claim(s)

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Date

Heather R. Addis

10-09-02

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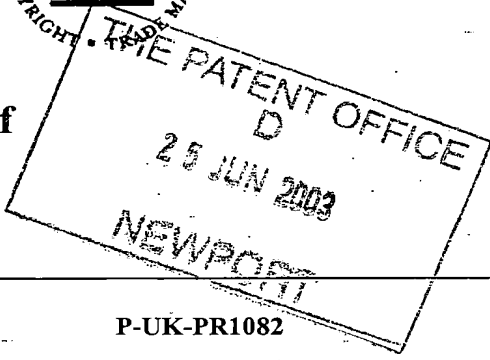
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Statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent

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1. Your reference

P-UK-PR1082

2. Patent application number
(if you know it)

02 209 94.8

3. Full name of the or of each applicant

Black & Decker Inc.

4. Title of the invention

Electrical Extension Lead

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Date: 24 June 2003

T. Bosker

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Maureen O'Reilly 01753 500676

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DUPLICATE

1

ELECTRICAL EXTENSION LEAD

This invention relates generally to electrical extension leads, in particular of the type which are wound on a drum or reel.

5 Electrical extension leads have a cable with an electrical plug at one end of the cable for connection, for example to a plug socket of an electrical supply source, such as a mains supply or a fuel, eg. petrol, powered generator supply. Where the extension cable is wound on a drum, the other end of the cable is electrically connected to at least one plug socket assembly located on the drum. Then when a user wishes to use an electrical appliance, for example a power tool, in a location remote from the plug
10 socket of the electrical supply source, the one end of the cable is connected via the plug to said plug socket and a suitable length of cable is unwound from the drum. Then a plug at the end of the electrical cable of the power tool is plugged into the plug socket arrangement of the drum and the power tool can be used in the remote location.

15 Not all power tools are powered by connecting them to an electrical supply source, for example the mains, but instead are powered by battery packs. When conducting a job at a location remote from, for example a mains supply, there are situations when a user will use mains powered and battery powered tools to complete the job. For example, a user may need to use a mains powered saw and a battery powered drill.

20 Where battery powered tools are being used in such a location the batteries have to be recharged, generally by a battery charger connected to the remote mains source.

The present invention aims to provide a more convenient arrangement for charging batteries when working at a location remote from a electrical supply source.

25 According to the present invention there is provided an electrical extension lead, comprising an electrical cable having a first end and a second end, having the first end connected to a plug socket arrangement for supplying electricity to electrical devices, and with the second end connected to an electrical plug for connection to an electrical
30 supply source, for example a mains or generator supply source, characterised in that a

battery pack charging assembly is also connected to the first end of the cable, which charging assembly is suitable for charging battery packs for powering electrical devices.

5 Therefore, according to the present invention a person working at a location remote from an electrical supply source, for example the mains, and using an electrical extension lead, is able to charge batteries in situ, ie. at the location in which he or she is working, during the entire time during which the plug of the extension lead is electrically connected to the mains supply. While a mains powered device, for
10 example a power tool, being powered via the electrical extension lead is being used, a battery pack can be charged. Then when it is desired to use a battery powered device for the job in hand, the user has a charged battery pack to hand. The battery pack being charged could be the only battery pack for the battery powered device, or it could be a spare which is being charged while a second battery pack is being used to
15 power the device.

It is preferred that the plug socket arrangement and the battery pack charging assembly are co-located so as to make the electrical extension lead easily portable and compact. It is especially preferred that the plug socket arrangement and the battery
20 pack charging assembly are mounted within a common housing arrangement.

For convenient storage and deployment the cable may be stored by wrapping it around a storage structure, which storage structure is part of the extension lead. This reduces the time to deploy the cable, as the cable is less likely to become tangled if
25 stored by being wrapped around a storage structure. The storage structure may comprise a housing configured as a reel, around which the cable can be wrapped. Where such a storage structure is used, the plug socket assembly and the battery pack charging assembly are preferably mounted on the storage structure. This reduces the number of separate parts required for storage and use of the extension lead according
30 to the present invention.

For a particularly compact arrangement the cable is stored by wrapping it around the exterior surface of a hollow storage structure and the battery pack charging assembly is located within said hollow storage structure. In a preferred arrangement, the plug socket assembly is fitted within a cover portion at a first end of the hollow storage structure and the battery pack charging assembly is fitted within a cover portion at a second opposite end of the hollow storage structure. The second cover portion may be formed as the walls of a recess, which recess extends within the hollow storage structure and within which recess the battery pack charging assembly is mounted. In a preferred arrangement the hollow storage structure is substantially cylindrical.

The storage structure around which the cable is wrapped may be rotatably mounted within an outer housing, which outer housing is formed with a hole through which the cable (8) is extendable. Thus, in order to deploy that cable, the storage structure is rotated with respect to the outer housing in a first direction in order to unwrap the cable from the storage structure. Then to store the cable, after use, the storage structure is rotated with respect to the outer housing in a second opposite direction in order to re-wrap the cable around the storage structure.

The battery pack charging assembly generally comprises a receptacle assembly for receiving a battery pack, which receptacle assembly comprises a receptacle housing and a flexible, preferably elastomeric, gasket disposed between the receptacle housing and a portion of the extension lead housing. The use of the elastomeric gasket damps any vibration from the extension lead housing, if for example, the extension lead housing is dropped, in order to protect the receptacle assembly and any battery pack mounted within it from damage. Preferably, the receptacle assembly further comprises at least one retainer disposed on the extension lead housing to prevent disengagement of the gasket.

A door located adjacent the receptacle assembly can be hingably connected to the extension lead housing in order to cover the receptacle assembly. The door preferably has a spring disposed on it to bias a battery disposed in the receptacle assembly

towards a connecting position. Generally, the battery charger circuitry is mounted on the receptacle housing.

The accompanying drawings illustrate preferred embodiments of the invention according to the practical application of the principles thereof, and in which:

FIG. 1 is a front elevational view of an electrical extension lead according to the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a rear elevational view of the extension lead of FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is a cross-section through the line AA of FIG. 1;

FIG. 4 is a schematic diagram of the circuitry for the extension lead of Figure 1;

FIG. 5 is a plan view of a second embodiment of an electrical extension lead according to the present invention.

The cable drum arrangement shown in Figures 1 to 3 has a two part clamshell housing (2a) and (2b) within which a storage structure, such as a reel housing (4) is mounted. Each clamshell half has an annular wall (20a, 20b) (the forward or rearward side of the clamshell housing) with a peripheral annular side wall (22a, 22b). Each side wall extends substantially at right angles to the associated annular wall. Each annular wall (20a, 20b) of the clamshell halves has a central recess within which the reel housing (4) is sandwiched by fixing the edges of the side walls (22a, 22b) remote from the annular walls (20a, 20b) together, for example, using screws (28). Each clamshell half is formed with a respective half of a handle (6a, 6b) by which the cable drum can be carried and hung on a hook for storage. The reel housing (4) has a central cylindrical body (4c), about which a cable (8) is wound or wrapped and at the ends of the cylindrical body (4c) are formed annular flanges (4a) and (4b). A first end of the cylindrical body (4a) has a cover portion formed with a through hole for receiving a plug socket assembly (12). The second opposite end of the cylindrical body (4b) has a cover portion formed with a recess (14) for receiving a battery charging assembly (15) and a battery (60).

The reel housing (4) is received between the clamshell housing parts (2a, 2b) so as to be able to rotate with respect to the clamshell housing. Each clamshell half is formed on the internal surface of its annular wall (20a, 20b) with an annular rib (16a, 16b) which fits around the associated annular flange (4a, 4b). The reel housing (4) is formed with an external annular shoulder (18a, 18b) at each end of the cylindrical body (4a) against which a radially inward portions of the annular walls (20a, 20b) abut. The reel housing (4) is formed with a handle (24), located eccentrically with respect to the rotational axis of the reel housing (4), on the cover portion of the reel housing in which the plug socket assembly is mounted. This handle can be gripped by a user to facilitate relative rotation between the reel housing (4) and the clamshell housing (2a, 2b).

A cable (8) is connected at a first end (26) to the plug socket assembly (12) and to the battery charging assembly (15). The cable is wound around the outside of the cylindrical body (4a) of the reel housing (4) between the two flanges (4a, 4b). The first end of the cable is secured in place by pegs (30) depending from the inside facing surface of the plug socket assembly (12) between which pegs (30) the first end (26) of the cable (8) is secured. The second opposite end of the cable (8) extends through a hole (32) in the clamshell housing (2a, 2b) and has an electrical plug (34) electrically connected to it. A desired length of the cable (8) can be drawn out of the recess (32) in the clamshell housing (2a, 2b) by a relative rotation of the reel housing (4) to the clamshell housing (2a, 2b). The electrical circuitry for the cable drum is shown in Figure 4. The cable (8) has neutral, live and earth wires, which are connected at the first end (26) of the cable to the neutral, live and earth connectors, respectively of three plug sockets of the plug socket arrangement (12) in a conventional manner.

The recess (14) in the cover portion of the reel housing (4) remote from the plug socket assembly (12) has a door (19) pivotally attached thereto, providing access to recess (14) and allowing an operator to install a battery pack (60) within reel housing (4). The door (19) may be kept in a closed position by latch (18). Preferably, latch (18) comprises an overcenter mechanism. Door (19) may have a gasket (19a)

disposed thereon to limit the ingress of water into, if not wholly waterproof, recess (14). Preferably gasket (19a) is made of rubber or an elastomeric material.

5 Preferably, the recess (14) is designed to receive a battery pack (60) via a connector (56). The connector (56) has a configuration appropriate to contact the battery terminals. Preferably the battery pack terminals and connector (56) will be arranged in the manner disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,144,217, which is hereby incorporated in whole by reference.

10 The charger circuitry (43) is electrically connected to the connector (56) and the connector (56) and the charger circuitry are mounted on a floating receptacle housing (55). They are mounted on the floating receptacle housing (55), to minimize the shock received by the battery pack (60) and the circuitry (43) if the cable drum is dropped. Charger circuitry (43) allows charging of battery packs having different
15 voltages, as is well known in the art. The receptacle housing (55) may be flexibly connected to the walls of the recess (14) via a flexible gasket (51). Preferably, gasket (51) is generally annular and made of a flexible, resilient material, such as rubber or elastomer. Retainers (52) may be installed on the walls of the recess (14) to prevent the disengagement of gasket (51) and the walls of the recess (14) when pushing the
20 battery pack (60) in place. Retainers (52) may be attached to walls of the recess (14) via screws and may have a generally annular form.

A spring (54) may also be provided on door (19) to bias battery pack (60) into connection with connector (56). Preferably spring (54) will be flexible enough to bias
25 battery packs having different sizes.

Referring to Figure 4, the charger circuitry (43) is connected to the mains power supply via the cable (8) and plug (34). When the plug (34) is connected to an electrical supply source, for example a mains power supply (40), power is provided to
30 the charger (43) in order to charge battery pack (60). While the battery pack (60) is being charged the plug sockets of the plug socket assembly are still available for use to power up to three electrically powered device, such as power tools. With such an

extension lead arrangement, for example, a user can charge a battery pack by disposing the battery pack (60) in the charger (43), providing power to the battery pack (60), and then removing the battery pack (60) from the charger (43), while using a first powered power tool, such as a saw, plugged into the plug socket arrangement (12) of the extension lead. The charged battery pack (60) can then be inserted into a battery powered power tool, such as drill for a user to continue with the job in hand. In other words, the user can use the extension lead for powering electrical devices, while charging the battery pack (60).

Figure 5 shows a second embodiment of the present invention, with like parts identified by like numerals. The electrical circuitry of the Figure 5 embodiment is the same as that shown in Figure 4, but with one plug socket removed. In the Figure 5 embodiment the electrical extension lead has a housing (2) formed from upper and lower clamshell halves, the upper one of which can be seen in Figure 5. The housing (2) houses a plug socket arrangement (12) comprising two plug sockets. The housing (2) also houses a battery pack charging assembly, located in a recess behind the door (19), which door (19) is secured shut by a latch arrangement (18). The battery pack charging assembly, could for example be identical to that shown in Figure 3. A cable (8) extends from the housing (2) and the end of the cable (8) remote from the housing has a plug (34) electrically connected to it. When the plug (34) is electrically connected to an electrical supply source, such as a generator or mains supply, up to two electrically powered devices can be plugged into the sockets of the socket arrangement (12) in order to power the electrically powered devices. In addition a battery pack (60) can be inserted into the battery pack charging assembly of the electrical extension lead of Figure 5, in order to simultaneously charge the battery pack for later use on a battery powered device. When the electrical extension lead of Figure 5 is stored, the cable (8) can be wound around a forearm of a user and hung on a hook, with the housing (2) also hung on the hook via hanging loop (17). Alternatively, the housing (2) could be provided with flanges (15) (shown in dotted lines) and the cable (8) could be wrapped or wound around the housing (2) between the flanges (15). The housing (2) with the cable (8) wrapped around it could then be stored by hanging the housing (2) on a hook via hanging loop (17).

CLAIMS

1. An electrical extension lead, comprising an electrical cable (8) having a first end (26) and a second end, having the first end connected to a plug socket arrangement (12) for supplying electricity to electrical devices, and with the second end connected to an electrical plug (34) for connection to an electrical supply source, characterised in that a battery pack charging assembly (15) is also connected to the first end of the cable, which charging assembly is suitable for charging battery packs for powering electrical devices.
5
- 10 2. An extension lead according to claim 1 wherein the plug socket arrangement (12) and the battery pack charging assembly (15) are co-located.
- 15 3. An extension lead according to any one of the preceding claims wherein the plug socket arrangement (12) and the battery pack charging assembly (15) are mounted within a common housing arrangement (2a, 2b, 4).
- 20 4. An extension lead according to any one of the preceding claims wherein the extension lead comprises a storage structure (4) and the cable (8) is stored by wrapping it around the storage structure (4).
- 25 5. An extension lead according to claim 4 wherein the storage structure is a reel housing (4).
- 30 6. An extension lead according to claim 4 or claim 5 wherein the plug socket arrangement (12) and the battery pack charging assembly (15) are mounted on the storage structure.
7. An extension lead according to any one of the preceding claims wherein the cable (8) is stored by wrapping it around the exterior surface of a hollow storage structure (4) and the battery pack charging assembly (15) is located within said hollow storage structure.

8. An extension lead according to claim 7 wherein the plug socket arrangement (12) is fitted within a cover portion at a first end of the hollow structure (4) and the battery pack charging assembly (15) is fitted within a cover portion (14) at a second opposite end of the hollow structure.
9. An extension lead according to claim 8 wherein the second cover portion (14) is formed as the walls of a recess, which recess extends within the hollow storage structure.
10. An extension lead according to any one of claims 7 to 9 wherein the hollow storage structure is substantially cylindrical.
11. An extension lead according to claim 4 or any one of claims 5 to 10 when dependent on claim 4, wherein storage structure (4) is rotatably mounted within an outer housing (2a, 2b), which outer housing is formed with a hole (32) through which the cable (8) is extendable.
12. An extension lead according to claim 3 or any of claims 4 to 11 when dependent on claim 3 wherein the battery pack charging assembly (15) comprises a receptacle assembly for receiving a battery pack (60), which receptacle assembly comprises a receptacle housing (55) and a flexible, preferably elastomeric, gasket (51) disposed between the receptacle housing and a portion (14) of the extension lead housing (4, 2a, 2b).
13. An extension lead as claimed in Claim 12, wherein the receptacle assembly further comprises at least one retainer (52) disposed on the extension lead housing (2a, 2b, 4) to prevent disengagement of the gasket (51).
14. An extension lead as claims in claim 12 or 13, further comprising a door (19) in the extension lead housing (4) located adjacent the receptacle assembly, the door

preferably having a spring (54) disposed thereon to bias a battery (60) disposed in the receptacle assembly towards a connecting position.

5 15. An extension lead as claimed in any one of claims 12 to 14 wherein the battery charger circuitry (43) is mounted on the receptacle housing (55).

16. An extension lead as claimed in any one of the preceding claims wherein the electrical supply source is a mains supply source or a fuel powered generator supply source.

10

17. An extension lead substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to any one of the accompanying Figures.

ABSTRACT**ELECTRICAL EXTENSION LEAD**

5 An electrical extension lead, comprising an electrical cable (8) having a first end (26) connected to a plug socket arrangement (12) for supplying electricity to electrical devices, and a second end connected to an electrical plug (34) for connection to an electrical mains supply. A battery pack charging assembly (15) is also connected to the first end of the cable and a battery pack for use with an electrical device is removably connectable to the battery pack charging assembly for charging. The plug socket arrangement (12) and the battery pack charging assembly (15) are mounted within a common housing (2a, 2b, 4). The cable (8) is stored by wrapping it around the exterior surface of a hollow storage structure (4) and the battery pack charging assembly (15) is located within said hollow storage structure. The storage structure (4) may be rotatably mounted within an outer housing (2a, 2b), which outer housing is formed with a hole (32) through which the cable (8) is extendable.

10 Figure 3.

15

